Nokia NetMonitor Manual

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Phone Models and Software versions

Notes for 21xx / 31xx / 81xx phones

The older phones netmonitor has some differences when compared with the one of newer models, but this manual can be used as a guide, because the overall working method and the display contents are very similar in most cases.

Notes for 51xx/61xx/62xx/71xx/88xx/91xx/32xx and other phones

This document covers the majority of pages from these phones netmonitor. Some of them may have little differences, like missing/additional pages, different info, etc.

The **51xx** and **61xx** pages are almost identical, there are a few pages concerning multiband information in **6150** which are different in the singleband phones, and the xx90 pages are partially different, because of some special things in GSM1900.

The 32xx has some more pages, which are not very well documented yet.

The **62xx** and **71xx** have a whole bunch of pages concerning W@P and the large internal flash memory. These are not documented yet. If you have any clue about theses pages, send me a mail.

The 91xx pages are almost identical to the 6110 ones, with few additional pages.

The goal right now is to make an accessible manual, that will get better over the time. Please contribute with all the info that you find relevant. Please note that this manual does only deal with pages which are of known content, so if a page is not mentioned here, I have most likely no knowledge about the meaning of the page.

Used Information Sources:

- [1] Netmonitor description (RD843.txt) from Nokia Mobile Phones
- [2] Marcin Wiaceks homepage (http://marcin-wiacek.topnet.pl/)
- [3] Researches from Nobbi & various other people

Menu Modes

There are three Menu Display modes:

- the execute mode
- the data display mode
- the help mode

Different modes are marked in this manual as follows:



The execute mode is entered from the menu by selecting a menu directly with his number. If the test index entered pertains to a test that resets a timer (test 80) for example, then the timer is reset as soon as the OK button has been pressed in the menu, and the data display mode takes over. In other words, the execute mode is of the one-shot type. To run another test in the execute mode, the Field Test Display menu must be reactivated.

So, be **very careful** when jumping to a netmonitor page directly from the menu selection. You may activate the execute mode incidentally, causing your phone to behave not as expected.

The data display mode is active by default when the Netmonitor is active. During data display mode, the field test data is visible on the main display.

During help mode, one screen of instructions is shown for each test to make it easier to identify the test in question. A long press of the asterisk (*) is used to toggle between these two modes.

The arrow keys (^,v) offer an easy way to switch to another test without using the menu. However, nothing will be executed or set on although such tests would be passed. This is to prevent the user from accidentally clearing any valuable data. The help mode is also a non-execute mode. Display numbers have been selected in such way that no 5-terminated test number is an execute display.

Reserving SIM phonebook locations

When using a phone with enabled field test displays, it is highly recommended to put some default data into the SIM phonebook locations that are used by some field test displays. Especially Test 17 (BTS TEST) may give some confusing results if SIM phonebook location 33 is not correctly configured.

Additionally, this prevents accidental storing of phone numbers and names into such locations.

Displays 52 and 53 may also write some data to the SIM phonebook locations 35 and 36.

Location	Default	Data Used by Display #
31	65535	71
32	65535	72
33	0	17 (BTS TEST)
34,35,36	34,35,36	52, 53

Reserving SIM SCM locations is not necessary if the user is sure that he will never select these displays using menu shortcut (which executes the display in question).

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Basics: Channel numbers in GSM

 \mbox{GSM} uses channel numbers between 0 and 1023. These frequency channels are allocated by the different types of \mbox{GSM} as follows:

Type:	Subtype:	Char	Channels:			
GSM400	GSM450	259		293		
	GSM480	306		340		
GSM700	GSM750	438		511		
GSM850	GSM850	128		251		
GSM900	PGSM	1		124		
	EGSM	0		124		
		975		1023		
	GSM-R	0		124		
		955		1023		
GSM1800	GSM1800	512		885		
GSM1900	GSM1900	512		810		

Display 1 - Serving cell info

g

```
++++++++++++
                          ##############
    +abbb ccc ddd+
                          #CH RxL TxPwr#
    + e ff g mmmm+
                          #TS TA RQ RLT#
    + nnn ppp+
                          # C1
                               CHT
         0000
                          #
                                         #
                          ###############
    ++++++++++++
          H, if carrier numbers are scrolled when hopping is on. Otherwise ' '.
bbb
          When mobile is on a TCH:
                DCH carrier number in decimal.
          When mobile is NOT on a TCH:
                 CH means carrier number in decimal.
                 If hopping is on, used channels are scrolled when display is updated.
CCC
          rx level in dBm, minus sign is not shown if <=-100
          tx power level. If transmitter is on, symbol * is shown in front of the
ddd
          power level value.
          Time Slot, range is 0 - 7
ff
          Timing advance, range is 0 - 63
          RX quality (sub), range is 0 - 7
mmmm
          Radio Link Timeout value. If value is negative, 0 is shown.
          Maximum value is 64. When mobile is NOT on TCH then xx is shown.
          value of the path loss criterium (C1). Range is -99 - 999.
nnn
          type of current channel (TCH := Traffic Channel):
0000
                 THR0 : TCH HalfRate (HR) subchannel 0
                 THR1 : TCH HR subchannel 1
                 TFR : TCH FullRate (FR)
                 TEFR: TCH EnhancedFullRate
                F144 : TCH FR data channel, speed 14.4 kbps F96 : TCH FR data channel, speed 9.6 kbps
                      : TCH FR data channel, speed 7.2 kbps
                      : TCH FR data channel, speed 4.8 kbps
: TCH FR data channel, speed 2.4 kbps
                 F48
                 F24
                 H480 : TCH HR data channel, speed 4.8 kbps, subch 0
                H481 : TCH HR data channel, speed 4.8 kbps, subch 1 H240 : TCH HR data channel, speed 2.4 kbps, subch 0 H241 : TCH HR data channel, speed 2.4 kbps, subch 1
                      : TCH FR signalling only (FACCH) channel
                FAHO: TCH HR signalling only (FACCH) channel, subch 0 FAH1: TCH HR signalling only (FACCH) channel, subch 1
                 SDCC : SDCCH
                 AGCH : Access Grant CHannel
                 CCCH : one of the Common Control CHannels
```

value of the cell reselection criterium (C2). qqq Range is -99 to 999. If phone is phase 1 then C1 value is shown.

NSPS : MS is in 'No Service, Power Save' state

CBCH : CCCH and cell broadcast receiving on

SEAR : SEARCHing for available networks

BCCH : Broadcast Control CHannel

Display 2 - More info about serving cell

++++++++++++

```
#PM RAR Ro BC#
    + aa b c Bdd +
    + ee f
                          #RelR QLF
    + ggg hh iii +
                          #CRO TO PenT #
    + H=j mm nn +
                          #H MAIO HSN #
    ++++++++++++
                          ##############
         paging mode
aa
               NO: normal paging
               EX : extended paging
               RO : paging reorganization
               SB : same as before
          maximum number of Random Access retransmission
b
          roaming indicator, values are 'R' or ' '.
Bdd
          Letter B and BSIC value, range is 0 - 63.
          Reason of last call release (See Display 39, CC cause codes)
ee
f
          RX quality (full), range is 0 - 7
         Cell reselection offset, range 0 - 126 dB.
[0 .. 63] * 2 dB. 'xxx' in dedicated mode.
ggg
hh
          Temporary offset, range 0 - 60 dB.
               [0 .. 7] * 10 dB. 70 dB means infinite time. 'xx' in dedicated mode.
iii
          Penalty time, range 0 - 620 s.
               [0 .. 31] * 20 s. 'xxx' in dedicated mode.
j
          Hopping channel
                  Single RF channel
               0
               1
                  RF hopping channel
          mobile allocation index offset, MAIO
mm
               Range: 00 to 63 / xx when H=0
          hopping sequence number, HSN
nn
               Range: 00 to 63 / xx when H=0
```

##############

Display 3 – Serving cell, 1st and 2nd neighbour

++++++++++++

+aaabbbcccddd+

+aaabbbcccddd+

```
+aaabbbcccddd+
                            #2CH C1 rx C2#
         ef gh +
                                1N 2N
                            ################
    ++++++++++++
1. row: serving cell information
2. row: 1. neighbour information
3. row: 2. neighbour information
4. row, ef: 1. neighbour information
4. row, gh: 2. neighbour information
         carrier number in decimal, EGSM channels are displayed as Eaa
aaa
         idle mode : C1 value, range is -99 - 999 ded. Mode : 'B' and BSIC value
bbb
         RX level in dBm, minus sign is not shown if <=-100
CCC
         C2 value, range is -99 - 999
PPP
         F : cell is in a forbidden location area
e,g
f,h
         B : cell is barred
         N : cell is normal priority
         L : cell is low priority
```

##############

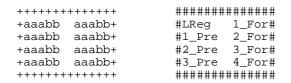
#SCH C1 rx C2#

#1CH C1 rx C2#

Display 4 & 5 - 3rd to 8th neighbour cell

```
++++++++++++
                              ###############
    +aaabbbcccddd+
                             #3CH C1 rx C2#
    +aaabbbcccddd+
                             #4CH C1 rx C2#
    +aaabbbcccddd+
                             #5CH C1 rx C2#
    + ef gh ij +
                             # 3N 4N 5N #
    ++++++++++++
                             ###############
1. row: 3./6. neighbour information
2. row: 4./7. neighbour information 3. row: 5./8. neighbour information
4. row, ef: 3./6. neighbour information
4. row, gh: 4./7. neighbour information
4. row, ij: 5./8. neighbour information
          carrier number in decimal, EGSM channels are displayed as Eaa
aaa
          idle mode : C1 value, range is -99 - 999 ded. Mode : 'B' and BSIC value
bbb
CCC
          rx level in dBm, minus sign is not shown if <=-100
ddd
          C2 value, range is -99 - 999
          F : cell is in a forbidden location area
e,g,i
f,h,j
         B : cell is barred
         N : cell is normal priority
          L : cell is low priority
```

Display 6 - Network selection display





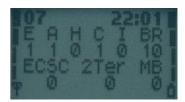
This display shows the last registered networks country code (MCC) and network code (MNC) as well as the codes for four forbidden networks and the first 3 preferred networks.

If a three-digit MNC is used (GSM1900), display looks different:

row: last registered network - 1st forbidden network
 row: 1st preferred network - 2nd forbidden network
 row: 2nd preferred network - 3rd forbidden network
 row: 3rd preferred network - 4th forbidden network

aaa country code coded in BCD
bbb network code coded in BCD, third digit can be 'F'

Display 7 – System information bits for serving cell



```
a 1 is shown if emergency calls are supported
b 1 is shown if attach-detach-procedure is allowed
c 1 is shown if half rate channels are supported
d 1 is shown if C2 values are broadcasted
e 1 is shown if system information 7 and 8 are broadcasted
f 1 is shown if cell broadcast is supported
g 1 is shown if re-establishment is supported
```

The following items are used only in dualband phones:

- h In idle mode 1 is shown if Early Classmark (ECSC) sending is supported. In dedicated mode (conversation) X is shown.
- i In idle mode 1 is shown if 2Ter messages are supported. In dedicated mode (conversation) X is shown.
- j MultiBand reporting decimal value (0,1,2,3) is shown if supported. This is shown both in idle and dedicated mode.

The following is picked from Phase2+ ETSI ETS 300578 (TS GSM 05.08), Section 8.4.3 "Additional cell reporting requirements for multi band MS".

For a multi band MS the number of cells, for each frequency band supported, which shall be included in the measurement report is indicated by the parameter, MULTIBAND_REPORTING. The meaning of different values of the parameter is specified as follows:

Value Meaning

- 00 (0) Normal reporting of the six strongest cells, with known and allowed NCC part of BSIC, irrespective of the band used.
- O1 (1) The MS shall report the strongest cell, with known and allowed NCC part of BSIC, in each of the frequency bands in the BA list, excluding the frequency band of the serving cell. The remaining positions in the measurement report shall be used for reporting of cells in the band of the serving cell. If there are still remaining positions, these shall be used to report the next strongest identified cells in the other bands irrespective of the band used.
- 10 (2) The MS shall report the two strongest cells, with known and allowed NCC part of BSIC, in each of the frequency bands in the BA list, excluding the frequency band of the serving cell. The remaining positions in the measurement report shall be used for reporting of cells in the band of the serving cell. If there are still remaining positions, these shall be used to report the next strongest identified cells in the other bands irrespective of the band used.
- 11 (3) The MS shall report the three strongest cells, with known and allowed NCC part of BSIC, in each of the frequency bands in the BA list, excluding the frequency band of the serving cell. The remaining positions in the measurement report shall be used for reporting of cells in the band of the serving cell. If there are still remaining positions, these shall be used to report the next strongest identified cells in the other bands irrespective of the band used.

Display 10 - Paging Repetition Period, TMSI, Location Update Timer, AFC and AGC

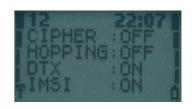


last assigned TMSI value in hex format aaaaaaaa Current value of T3212 counter (range is 000 - 'ccc'), where 1 means 6 min bbb time. So, if this value is 2 less than 'ccc' then next periodic location updating will be made within 2 * 6 min = 12 minutes. CCC Timeout value of T3212 counter (range is 000 - 240, where 1 means 6 min time between location updates and 240 means 240 * 6 min = 24 h between location updates. 000 means that a periodic location update will not occur) This value is received from the network. Value of paging repetition period (range is 2 - 9, which means paging will Ы be in every Xth multiframe. When paging is in every second multiframe, mobile takes more current than if it were in every 9th multiframe) Downlink signalling failure value. If value is negative, 0 is shown. ee Maximum value is 45. When mobile is on TCH then xx is shown. ff Gain value on TCH/SDCCH, range is 0 - 93 aaaaa VCTCXO AFC DAC control, range is -1024 - 1023 Serving cell channel number hhh

Display 11 – Network parameters



Display 12 - Ciphering, hopping, DTX Status and IMSI



aaa ciphering value, OFF/A51/A52
bbb hopping value, ON/OFF
ccc DTX value ON/OFF
ddd IMSI attach

ON : IMSI attach on OFF : IMSI attach off

These values are updated only on when the phone is active on a TCH.

Display 13 - Uplink DTX switching display



With this display it is possible to see whether the MS uses DTX or not.

This display must be activated from MENU to change DTX state. When MENU is not active and the user is scrolling field test displays with NEXT and PREVIOUS, the DTX state will not be changed.

```
aaaaaaaaaa status of switched mode.

DTX:ON : MS uses DTX

DTX:OFF : MS does not use DTX

DTX:DEF : MS use default state of DTX

NOTALLOWED: BS does not allow MS to decide if it uses

DTX or not.

bbb default state of DTX in MS. The value is either ON or OFF

ccc is DTX value from BS

MAY : BS allows MS to decide if it uses uplink DTX or not

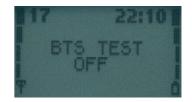
USE : BS controls MS to use DTX (on uplink)

NOT : BS controls MS not to use DTX (on uplink)
```

Display 14 – Toggle Screening Indicator

When selected, changes the value of the Screening Indicator from ${\tt 0}$ to 1 and vice versa.

Display 17 - Switch 'BTS Test' Status



This display is used to toggle the BTS_TEST flag in EEPROM. If BTS_TEST is set then each time the mobile sends a search list it uses only the carrier number stored on SIM phonebook location 33. Also the neighbour information from system information messages is ignored. If the BTS_TEST flag is not set, then the value of SIM phonebook location 33 is ignored and the mobile behaves normally (i.e. does neighbour measurements according to GSM specifications).

To activate BTS TEST perform the following steps:

- Save desired channel number in SIM phonebook location 33
- Select display 17 in execute mode
- Switch power off and on OR force a cell reselection

If activation succeeded, you will read "BTS TEST ON" in display 17. The 6210 will show "BTS TEST REQUESTED" instead.

To **deactivate** BTS tests either select display 17 in execute mode or save a number in SIM phonebook location 33 which does NOT represent a valid carrier number, then switch power off and on OR force a cell reselection

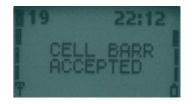
CAUTION! The display does not show the value of the BTS_TEST flag in EEPROM. Although the value is set, BTS_TEST can show to be off. If there is no legal carrier number in SIM phonebook location 33 (GSM900: 1-124, GSM1800: 512-885, EGSM: 0, 975-1023) the display shows that BTS_TEST is off. Also if the mobile was already registered to some carrier before switching BTS_TEST status, the display can show a different value from the one in EEPROM.

Display 18 - Lights status control

Forces keyboard and display lights on/off while displaying any netmonitor screen. The light will not remain on after leaving netmonitor

Display 19 - Toggle Cell Barred Status





This test is meant to be used when some cells are tested before taking them into commercial use. By setting the CELL_BARRED to on in the base station normal GSM phones will not try to camp on these barred cells.

By selecting CELL BARR REVERSE, the MS will only use the cells which have CELL_BARRED set.

By selecting CELL BARR DISCARD, the MS will use all cells, irrespective wether CELL_BARRED is set or not.

NOTE: If a cell has been selected before barring state in phone is changed the selected cell will remain the current cell. After the next cell reselection the cell barring state is working as expected.

Display 20 - Charging state

```
*****
                            ##############
    * aaa bbbbb *
                            #BatVol ChMod#
    * Tccc dddd *
                            #Btemp ChTime#
    * Ceee Wfff *
                            #ChrqVol Pwm #
    * gggg hhhh *
                            # Btyp BFDC #
    *****
                            ###############
       Battery voltage in decimal, range is 0.00 - 9.99 \, \text{V}, decimal point is not shown; e.g. 7.19 \, \text{V} is shown as 719 \, \text{on} the display
aaa
bbbbbb
       Charging mode 5 digit symbol:
                 xxxxx : Charger not connected or charging disabled.
                 BatCk: Battery testing is going.
                 BSIFa : Charging off because of battery BSI measurement failed.
                 CelBr : Charging off because one or more cells broken inside
                         battery.
                 ChaCk: EM is checking charger.
                 Charg: Charging.
                 ColdC : Cold charging.
                 ColdM: Battery cold and maintenance going.
                 CurFa : Charging off because charger current measurement failed.
                 DisCh : Battery discharging going.
                 F_Che : Fast charging checks.
                 Faile : Failure.
                 FastC : Fast charging going.
                 {\tt FullM} : Battery full and maintenance going.
                 HotM : Battery hot and maintenance going.
                  I_Che : Init checks.
                 InitC : EM charging is being initialized.
                 L_Che : Li charging checks.
                 LiAFu: PWM level is below the battery full limit.
                 LiDCH : Li-ion DCH charging.
                 LiFul: PWM has been below the battey full limit for a certain time
                          that is specified for full battery.
                 LiHot : Li-ion hot charging.
                 LithC: Charging of Lithium-ion battery.
                 LiTxO: TX on and Li charging going.
                 LNFTx: TX on, Li charging going and battery is not full anymore.
                 M_Che : Maintenace charging checks.
                 MaBFD: Maintenace BFD charging.
                 Maint : Maintenance charging.
                 TmpFa : Charging off because of battery NTC measurement failed.
                 TXNOF: TX on, Ni charging going and battery is not full anymore.
                 TxOnC: TX on and Ni charging going.
                 VolFa : Charging off because charger voltage measurement failed.
        Battery temperature in centigrade, from -30 to +90.
        Charging time. Format is HMM. Timer is automatically reset and started when
        charger is connected and stopped when battery is full or charger is
```

CCC ddd disconnected. Charger voltage in decimal, range is 0.0 - 18.7 V, decimal point is not shown. eee fff Charge control output, decimal, range is 000 - 255. Lithium battery type (BSI value multiplied by 4), or NiMH battery size. aaaa hhhh Battery full delay counter. When battery is getting full and charging current is less than predefined limit, this timer will be started. If timer reaches 0,

charging will be stopped.

Display 21 – Constant voltage charging display

```
*****
                            ##############
    * aaaa bbbb *
* cccc dddd *
                           #MTDif MPDif #
                           #BupV BDownV#
    * eeee ffff *
                           #AverV SumMF #
                           ###############
         Difference between measured voltage and goal voltage, decimal point is not
aaaa
         shown.
bbbb
         Difference between measured voltage and result of previous measurement
         (basically same as using change of error), decimal point is not shown.
         Battery up voltage (highest measured voltage), maximum ripple voltage.
         Battery down voltage (lowest measured voltage), minimum ripple voltage.
ddd
eee
         Average measured voltage.
```

Sum of membership function sets beliefs, range 0.00-9.99, decimal point is not shown; e.g. 1.53 is shown as 153. If sum of 1.00 is reached then battery fff full indication is shown.

Display 22 – Battery full detection

* * * * * * * * * * * * *	###############
* Eaaa Cbbb *	#DeriC ChAm #
* Dccc Rddd *	# VDif VDrop #
* Ieee Afff *	# VDTi AvDif #
* Tggg hhhh *	# Temp Volt #
*****	###############

Letters E, C, D, R, I, A, T and V are displayed if values are shorter than 4 digits.

DerivCount membership function set, range 0.00-1.00, decimal point is not Eaaa shown; e.g. 0.23 is shown as 023.

Cbbb ChargeAmount membership function set, range 0.00-1.00, decimal point is not shown; e.g. 0.23 is shown as 023.

Dccc VolDiffToMax membership function set, range 0.00-1.00, decimal point is not shown; e.g. 0.23 is shown as 023.

Rddd VolDropCnt membership function set, range 0.00-1.00, decimal point is not shown; e.g. 0.23 is shown as 023.

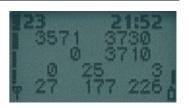
VolDiffTime membership function set, range 0.00-1.00, decimal point is not Teee shown; e.g. 0.23 is shown as 023.

Afff AverDiff membership function set, range 0.00-1.00, decimal point is not shown; e.g. 0.23 is shown as 023.

Temperature membership function set, range 0.00-1.00, decimal point is not Tggg shown; e.g. 0.23 is shown as 023.

Vhhh Voltage membership function set, range 0.00-1.00, decimal point is not shown; e.g. 0.23 is shown as 023.

Display 23 – Battery and phone state monitor



```
TXon voltage (expected voltage with transmitter switched on), decimal point
aaaa
         not shown (a.aaa mV)
bbbbb
         TXoff voltage (expected voltage with transmitter switched off), decimal
         point not shown (b.bbb mV)
        charging current, decimal point not shown (c.ccc mA)
cccc
dddd
        predicted standby level (expected voltage in standby mode), decimal point
         not shown (d.ddd mV)
         estimated age for Li-ion battery (0:new to 100:old). NiMH always shows 33
eee
fff
        battery's percentage level (0,25,50,100)
         current consumption indicated by PSM (0.1 mA)
aaaa
         battery's temperature (C) (Only for Li battery)
hhh
iiii
        charged capacity (mAh) into battery
زززز
         tells what is the next capacity target (mAh) to reach for next battery bar
         level to be displayed
```

Display 24 - BSI values

```
******
                          ###############
    * aaaa bbbb *
* cccc *
                         #V_inst V_avg#
                         #BSI value #
          dddd *
                         #Elapsed time#
    * eeee ffff *
                          #RST_m RST_h#
    *****
                          ##############
aaaa
bbbb
CCCC
        BSI (Battery Size Indicator) value
dddd
        minutes elapsed since charger was disconnected or phone was switched on
eeee
ffff
```

Display 30 – Audio API register display

```
* aaaa bbbb *
* cccc dddd *
                             #A1Cnf A2Cnf#
                            # ST
                                     AU3 #
                            #1Tone 2Tone#
# Conf HFVol#
    * eeee ffff *
    * gggg hhhh
                            ###############
         API_AUD1_CTRL
aaaa
         API_AUD2_CTRL
bbbb
CCCC
         API_SIDETONE
dddd
         API_AU3
         API_1_TONE (first frequency of DTMF generator)
6666
ffff
         API_2_TONE (first frequency of DTMF generator)
         API_CONFIG
adda
hhhh
         API_HF_VOL (Volume setting for Audio output)
```

###############

Display 34 – FBUS display

```
*****
                           ###############
    *aabbccdd
                           #CM LD LM NM #
    *eeefff - ggg*
                           #PEC FEC OEC #
    *hhh iii jjj *
                           #ACC RXS TXS #
    *k--
                           #Mod
                           ###############
         current fbus media in hex
aa
         last sender dev in hex
bb
         last sender media in hex
CC
         Next media to be connected. Same as aa if the connection is not pending.
dd
eee
         fbus parity error counter
fff
         fbus framing error counter
ggg
         fbus overrun error counter
         fbus alive check counter
hhh
         RX Sequence number
iii
jjj
         TX Sequence number
k
         Phone mode: S=slave, H=host
```

Display 35 – Reasons for SW resets

```
******
                          ###############
    *aaaaa
                          #Reset reason#
    *bbbbbbbb
                          #Task name
                                       #
                                       #
                          #
                          #
                                       #
    ******
                          ###############
           last reset reason.
aaaaa
                      : Probably normal power up.
                NORM
                         : Default value, reset reason is unknown.
                UNKNO
                HW WD
                        : ASIC watchdog timeout.
                        : DSP recovery reset
                SWDSP
                SWSIM
                         : SIM contact failure reset
                        : Idle task not running reset
                SWIDI
                STACK
                        : Task stack overflow
bbbbbbbb
           Name of running task before reset.
```

Display 36 - Counters for resets

+ dd ee ff +

aa

bb

cc dd

ee

ff

```
Unknown resets
ASIC watchdog resets
DSP recovery resets
SIM contact failure resets
Idle task not running resets
Task stack overflow resets
```



Display 39 – Information about reasons for call clearing

++++++++++++

```
##############
     + CC: aaaa
                               #CC CauseValu#
     + MM: bbbb
                               #MM CauseValu#
     + RR: cccc
                               #RR CauseValu#
                               #
                                              #
                               ###############
     ++++++++++++
aaaa,
bbbb,
         cause code value, see section 10.5/GSM 04.08, '*' is shown if the cause code
cccc
         is made up by the respective layer in MS
CC
         1 unassigned (unallocated) number
         3 no route to destination
         8 operator determined barring
         16 normal call clearing
         17 user busy
         18 no user responding
         19 user alerting, no answer 21 call rejected
         22 number changed
         27 destination out of order
         28 invalid number format/number incomplete
         31 normal/unspecified
         34 no circuit/channel available
         38 network out of order
         41 temporary failure
         42 switching equipment congestion
         44 requested channel not available
         47 ressource unavailable
         50 requested facility not subscribed
         55 Incoming calls barred within the CUG
         57 bearer capability not authorized
         65 bearer service not implemented
         68\ \mbox{ACM} equal to or greater than \mbox{ACMmax}
         69 requested facility not implemented
         88 incompatible destination
MM
         0 no error
            IMSI unknown in HLR
         2.
           illegal MS
            IMSI unknown in VLR
         5
            IMEI not accepted
           illegal ME
         11 PLMN not allowed
         12 location area not allowed
         13 roaming not allowed in this location area
         17 network failure
         22 network congestion
         32 service option not supported
         33 service option not subscribed
         34 service temporarily out of order
         38 call cannot be identified (call RE)
         0
            normal release
RR
             unspecified
             channel unacceptable
         2
             timer expired
             no activity on the radio path
             pre-emptive release
             handover impossible, timing advance out of range
             channel mode unacceptable
         10 frequency not implemented
         65 call already cleared
         97 message type not compatible with protocol state
         101 no cell allocation available
         111 protocol error, unspecified
```

Display 40 - Reset handover counters

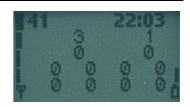
With this display all counters of the handover displays can be reset.

Display 41 (singleband) - Handover display

```
##############
    ++++++++++++
    +HandOOK: aaa+
                           #HandOvOKCntr#
    +PrevCh : bbb+
                           #PrevChanCntr#
    +HONotOK: ccc+
                           #HandOvNOKCnt#
    +HOIntra: ddd+
                           #HOIntraOKCnt#
    ++++++++++++
                           ##############
         counter for successful handovers (max. amount 999)
         counter for successful back to previous channel attempts
bbb
CCC
         counter for failed handovers
ddd
         counter for successful intracell handovers or assignments
         (max. amount 999)
```

Counters will stop when they reach their maximum. To initialize the counters to zero, select display 40. Display 60 also initializes these counters.

Display 41 (dualband) - Handover display, INTER CELL



```
counter of successful handovers (max 9999) from GSM900 to GSM900
aaaa
         counter of successful handovers (max 9999) from GSM1800 to GSM1800
bbbb
         counter of successful handovers (max 9999) from GSM900 to GSM1800
adad
dddd
         counter of successful handovers (max 9999) from GSM1800 to GSM900
eee
         counter for failed handovers (max 999) from GSM900 to GSM900
fff
         counter for failed handovers (max 999) from GSM1800 to GSM1800
         counter for failed handovers (max 999) from GSM900 to GSM1800
ada
hhh
         counter for failed handovers (max 999) from GSM1800 to GSM900
iii
         counter of successful back to previous channel attempts (max 999)
         from GSM900 to GSM900
         counter of successful back to previous channel attempts (max 999)
jjj
         from GSM1800 to GSM1800
kkk
         counter of successful back to previous channel attempts (max 999)
         from GSM900 to GSM1800
111
         counter of successful back to previous channel attempts (max 999)
         from GSM1800 to GSM900
```

Counters will stop when they reach their maximum. To initialize the counters to zero, select display 40. Display 60 also initializes these counters.

Display 42 (dualband) - Handover display, INTRA CELL

```
##############
    ++++++++++++
    + aaaa bbbb +
+ cccc dddd +
                           #G>G IntraD>D#
                           #G>D OK D>G#
    +eeefffggghhh+
                           #IntraHoFail #
    +iiijjjkkklll+
                           # BackToPrev #
                           ###############
    ++++++++++++
         counter of successful INTRACELL handovers (max 9999) from GSM900 to GSM900
aaa
bbb
         counter of successful INTRACELL handovers (max 9999) from GSM1800 to GSM1800
         counter of successful INTRACELL handovers (max 9999) from GSM900 to GSM1800
CCC
         counter of successful INTRACELL handovers (max 9999) from GSM1800 to GSM900
ddd
         counter of failed INTRACELL handovers (max 999) from GSM900
                                                                      to GSM900
eee
         counter of failed INTRACELL handovers (max 999) from GSM1800 to GSM1800
fff
         counter of failed INTRACELL handovers (max 999) from GSM900 to GSM1800
aaa
hhh
         counter of failed INTRACELL handovers (max 999) from GSM1800 to GSM900
iii
         counter of successful back to previous normal INTRA CELL channel attempts
         (max 999) from GSM900 to GSM900
jjj
         counter of successful back to previous normal INTRA CELL channel attempts
         (max 999) from GSM1800 to GSM1800
kkk
         counter of successful back to previous normal INTRA CELL channel attempts
         (max 999) from GSM900 to GSM1800
         counter of successful back to previous normal INTRA CELL channel attempts
111
         (max 999) from GSM1800 to GSM900
```

Counters will stop when they reach their maximum. To initialize the counters to zero, select display 40. Also display 60 initializes these counters.

Display 43 L2 display

++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	######################################	17200MS: 17200MS: 17200BS:
	пппппппппппп	

aaaa GSM900: counts how many times T200 in MS has expired and therefore a L2 transmission has been repeated.

bbbb GSM900: counts how many times T200 in BS (network) has expired and therefore a L2 frame was requested again.

cccc GSM1800: counts how many times T200 in MS has expired and therefore a L2 transmission has been repeated. (for dualband phones)

dddd GSM1800: counts how many times T200 in BS (network) has expired and therefore a L2 frame was requested again. (for dualband phones)

The GSM900 counters are also valid in GSM900/GSM1800 multiband phones. Counters will stop when they reach their maximum. To initialize the counters to zero, select display 40. Display 60 also initializes these counters.

Display 44 – Toggle revision level

*****	* *	*****	*
*	*	*	*
* REVISION	*	* REVISION	*
*LEVEL IS 00	*	*LEVEL IS 01	*
*	*	*	*
*****	**	******	*

When selected, changes the value of Revision Level from 0 to 1 and vice versa. I have no idea if this makes sense in any circumstances.

Display 45 – Toggle transmitter functionality

This display has no effect in 7110 phone, irrespective of the displayed status the transmitter is always switched on.

When selected, this display disables transmitter functionality if enabled and vice versa. New setting is valid until next power off or until new execute of this display.

This FTD can be used to simulate easily situations when the MS can hear the network (i.e. receiving signal is good enough), but the network can not receive any messages from the MS.

Location updating attempts or MO call establishment attempts can be failed (random access failure) by this FTD and field testing of these failures is much easier now.

Next periodic location updating can be checked from the display 10 (chapter 3.1.10) by taking the difference of current T3212 counter value and T3212 timeout value.

Display 51 – SIM information

```
##############
    +aaa bbb ccc +
                           #VSel Bau SAl#
    + dddddddd +
                           #SCond CStop#
    + fg hh ii +
                           #PIN12 PUK12#
                           # ATR FE/PE #
    + j kkkk +
                           ###############
    +++++++++++++
         SIM voltage selection type (5, 3 or 3/5)
         SIM baudrate (372, 64, 32 or 0)
bbb
CCC
         Clock stop allowed, Yes or No
dddd
         Clock stop condition, Up/Down/xxxxxxxx if no preferred level
         PIN1 attempts left (0,1,2,3)
f
q
        PIN2 attempts left (0,1,2,3)
        PUK1 attempts left (0-10)
PUK2 attempts left (0-10)
hh
ii
        ATR retransmission counter (0-9)
j
        Transmission frame/parity errors, FE/PE + hexadecimal count
kkkk
```

Display 54 – Block display 1

```
##############
    ++++++++++++
    +aa bb aa bb+
                           #ResF1 ResF2#
    +aa bb aa bb+
                          #ResF3 ResF4#
    +aa bb aa bb+
                          #ResF5 ResF6#
                          #ResF7 ResF8#
    +aa bb aa bb+
    +++++++++++++
                          ###############
1. row: Block set 1, block set 2
2. row: Block set 3, block set 4
3. row: Block set 5, block set 6
4. row: Block set 7, block set 8
         Number of reserved blocks
aa
bb
         Number of free blocks in worst case
```

Display 55 - Block display 2

```
++++++++++++
                              ##############
                              #ResF9 ResF10#
    +aa bb aa bb+
    +aa bb aa bb+
                             #ResF11ResF12#
    +aa bb aa bb+
                             #ResF13ResF14#
    +aa bb aa bb+
                              #ResF15ResF16#
                              ###############
    ++++++++++++
1. row: Block set 9, block set 10

    row: Block set 11, block set 12
    row: Block set 13, block set 14

4. row: Block set 15, block set 16
          Number of reserved blocks
          Number of free blocks in worst case
bb
```

Display 56 – Block display 3

aaaaaa Pointer to memory where double deallocation was called, in hex format.

bbb Counter for failed deallocations.

cccccccc Name of task which last tried to double deallocate a block.

Note: This display is only valid when the counter for failed deallocations is not zero.

Display 57 – Memory status before reset

aaaaaa

Status of each stack before reset. First position contains the status of stack 0, second position the status of stack 1 and so on. The last position contains the status of System stack. Number of stacks depends on the current configuration of SW. Possible values for each stack are:

0 : status OK, no overflow

1 : status not OK, stack overflow,

bbbbbbb

Status of each block set before reset. First position contains the status of block set 1, second position the status of block set 2 and so on. Possible values for each block set are:

0 : status OK

1 : block set full

2 : (de)allocation error or total memory corruption

Note: This display is only valid when a unknown or a stack overflow interrupt has occured.

Display 60 - Reset counters to zero

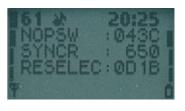


With this display all counters of the field test display can be reset (i.e. all counters in $40\ \text{and}\ 60\ \text{series}$).

On poweroff the values of the counter displays are stored onto the EEPROM, where they will be read during power on. To initialize the counters to zero, select display 60. These counters are automatically reset to zero when they exceed their maximum value.

Display 61 - Search and reselection counter display

++++++++++++	###############
+NOPSW :aaaa+	#PSWMesgCntr #
+SYNCR :bbbb+	#SyncMeasCntr#
+RESELEC:cccc+	#CellReselCtr#
+ +	# #
++++++++++++	#############



aaaa counter for MDI_NO_PSW_FOUND message received from DSP in hexadecimal form. bbbb counter for synchronization measurement attempts in decimal form. If counter value is over 9999 then four x are shown.

cccc counter for cell reselections in hexadecimal form.

Display 61 (dualband) - Search and reselection counter display

+++++++++++		############	#		
+aaaa	+aaaaa bbbbb+		#		
+ccc	cc ddddd+	#Sync GSM DCS	#		
+eee	ee fffff+	#reselG>G D>D	#		
+ggg	gg hhhhh+	#reselG>D D>G	#		
++++	++++++++	############	#		
aaaaa	GSM900 counter f form (max 99999)		FOUND message re	eceived from DSP in	n decimal
bbbbb	GSM1800 counter form (max 99999)		_FOUND message 1	received from DSP	in decimal
CCCCC	GSM900 counter f	-		t attempts in deci hown.	mal form. If
ddddd	GSM1800 counter counter value is	-		nt attempts in dec hown.	imal form. If
eeeee	counter for GSM9 99999).	00 -> GSM900	cell reselection	ons in decimal for	m (max
fffff	counter for GSM1 99999).	800 -> GSM1800	cell reselection	ons in decimal for	m (max
aaaaa	counter for GSM9 99999).	00 -> GSM1800	cell reselection	ons in decimal for	m (max
hhhhh	counter for GSM1 99999).	800 -> GSM900	cell reselection	ons in decimal for	m (max

Display 62 – Neighbour measurement counter display

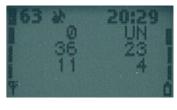


```
aaaa counter for neighbour PSW measurement attempts
bbbb counter for neighbour synchronization measurement attempts
cccc counter for neighbour BCCH measurement attempts
dddd counter for neighbour BCCH Ext measurement attempts
```

Counter values are shown in hexadecimal form.

Display 63 - Call attempts counters

bb



aa Reason of last call release

Cause from messages DISC and REL_COMP. Refer to TS GSM 04.08/10.5.4.11/Table

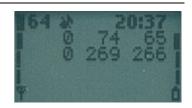
10.86 for further explanation. Direction of last call release

UN : Unknown

MO : Mobile originated
MT : Mobile terminated
IN : Internal (ME CS sw)

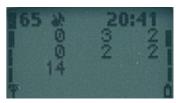
ccc count of all MO call attempts made ddd count of succeeded MO calls eee count of all call setups received fff count of succeeded MT calls

Display 64 – Location Update attempts counters



```
aa Reason of last normal location update failure
bbb count of normal location update attempts
ccc count of succeeded normal location updates
dd Reason of last periodic or IMSI attach location update failure
eee count of all periodic and IMSI attach location update attempts
fff count of succeeded periodic and IMSI attach location updates
```

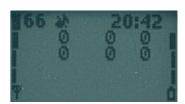
Display 65 – SMS attempts counters



```
Reason of last message sending failure
aa
           1 : Unassigned (unallocated) number
           8 : Operator determined barring
          10 : Call barred
          21 : Short message transfer rejected
          27 : Destination out of service
          28 : Unidentified subscriber
          29 : Facility rejected
          30 : Unknown subscriber
          38 : Network out of order
          41 : Temporary failure
          42 : Congestion
          47 : Resources unavailable, unspecified
          50 : Requested facility not subscribed
          69 : Requested facility not implemented
          81 : Invalid short message transfer reference value
          95 : Invalid message, unspecified
             : Invalid mandatory information
          97 : Message type non-existent or not implemented
          98 : Message not compatible with short message protocol state
          99 : Information element non-existent or not implemented
         111 : Protocol error, unspecified
         127 : Interworking, unspecified
bbb
         Count of all MO short message attempts
CCC
         Count of succeeded MO short message attempts
dd
         Reason of last message receiving failure
          22 : Memory capacity exceeded
         Count of all MT short message attempts
eee
fff
         Count of succeeded MT short message attempts
         Count of all received cell broadcast schedule messages
aaaa
```

Display 66 - SMS timeout counters

```
51xx,
                              ##############
61xx:
        + aaa bbb cc +
                              #TR1 TR2 TRA #
        + ddd eee ff +
                              #TC1 TC2 SCH #
                              #SMS timeout #
                              # counters #
        ++++++++++++
                              ###############
7110:
                              ##############
       ++++++++++++
        + aaa bbb +
                                TR1 TR2 #
               fff
                              #
                                 TRA
                                      SCH
        + ccc
        + ddd
                eee
                     +
                              #
                                 TC1
                                      TC2
                                           #
                              ##############
        ++++++++++++
```



```
aaa Counter for TR1M timeouts (SMR-Layer: incoming RP-ACK timed out)
bbb Counter for TR2M timeouts (SMR-Layer: outgoing RP-ACK timed out)
cc Counter for TRAM timeouts (RETRANS timer expired)
ddd Counter for TC1M timeouts (CM-sublayer: CP-ACK timed out)
eee Counter for TC2M timeouts (CM-sublayer:)
ff Counter for CB schedule timeouts
```

Display 70 - Temporary counters of DSP

ffff

aaaa

```
##############
     ++++++++++++
     + aaaa bbbb +
+ cccc dddd +
+ eeee ffff +
                                   # Temporary #
                                  #DSP counters#
                                  #(R DSP2FTD) #
     + gggg hhhh +
                                  ###############
     ++++++++++++
           Contents of API memory location r_dsp2ftd+0 in hex format
aaaa
           Contents of API memory location r_dsp2ftd+1 in hex format Contents of API memory location r_dsp2ftd+2 in hex format
bbbb
CCCC
dddd
           Contents of API memory location r_dsp2ftd+3 in hex format
           Contents of API memory location r_dsp2ftd+4 in hex format Contents of API memory location r_dsp2ftd+5 in hex format
eeee
```

The display is to be used by special debugging DSP SW which can put some useful information to the memory locations on API RAM. When this display is selected then MCU copies the contents of those memory locations into display with format specified above.

Contents of API memory location r_dsp2ftd+6 in hex format

Contents of API memory location r_dsp2ftd+7 in hex format

This display may not be included in normal SW releases.

Display 71 & 72 – Control DSP audio enhancements 1 & 2

```
##############
*AUDIO
                     #Use menu to #
*ENHANCEMENT *
                     #control DSP #
                   # audio
*DISPLAY 1/2 *
   XXXXX *
                     #enhancements#
                     ##############
```

Caution : playing around with this display may result in (temporary) malfunction of the audio path in your phone. Please be careful.

Control word for DSP Audio Enhancements in decimal format.

The control word is sent to the DSP in the MDI_AUDIO_CONFIGURE message.

Prior using this display the control word must be written to location 31/32 of the SIM in decimal format.

When the display 71/72 is choosen from the menu, (EXECUTE MODE) the control word is sent to the DSP in MDI_AUDIO_CONFIGURE message immediately. MDI_AUDIO_CONFIGURE message is also sent every time when this display is entered using arrow keys and previous display was 72/71.

Used together with display 72/71, this display makes rapid on/off switching of audio DSP algorithms possible. Switching with arrow keys is possible only after this display or display 72/71 has been selected from the menu. This prevents accidental on/off switching of algorithms when browsing displays by arrow keys.

Entered values are not saved to EEPROM, so it is possible to reset to the correct values by removing the battery.

Display 73 – Generic display for DSP Audio Enhancements

```
++++++++++++
++++++++++++
                                                    ###############
                  Example:
                             + 101 00 408+
                                                    #DB1 B1 DB2#
#HEX1 B2 HEX2#
+ aaa bb aaa+
                             +BCDE 88 7FFF+
+cccc bb cccc+
                             +0001 FF 0003+
+cccc bb cccc+
                                                    #HEX3 B3 HEX4#
+ cccc cccc +
                             + DEAD DEFA +
                                                    # HEX5 HEX6 #
                                                    ###############
++++++++++++
                             ++++++++++++
```

General dB value, e.g. signal level in dB.decimal point and sign is not

shown, ie. -10.5 is show 105.

General byte value, used for combined flags. Value is in hex format. bb

CCCC General hex value.

The display is reset and restarted when call is taken (if FT display counters are enabled). When call is terminated the display is frozen to show last values. Display values will not be saved to the EEPROM.

Display 74 – DSP audio enhancements 1 (DRC)

	++++	++++	-+++	++	Example:	++	++++	++++	++	###########
	+ a	aaa	bbb	+	-	+	101	408	+	#DSigL USigL #
	+		CCC	+		+		480	+	# NseLvl#
	+ 0	dd	ee	+		+	01	03	+	# DTbl UTbl #
	+			+		+			+	# #
	++++	++++	++++	++		++	+++++	+++++	++	###########
aaa		Dov	vnlin	k sig	gnal level i	ln d	В, са	lcula	ted	using DRC level measuring block.
		Dec	cimal	poi	nt and sign	is	not s	hown,	ie.	-10.5 is show 105.
bbb		Up]	link	signa	al level in	dΒ,	calc	ulate	d us	ing DRC level measuring block.
		Dec	cimal	poi	nt and sign	is	not s	hown,	ie.	-10.5 is show 105.
CCC		Вас	ckgro	und 1	noise signal	lle	vel i	n dB,	cal	culated using DRC level measuring
		blo	ock,	decir	mal point ar	nd s	ign i	s no	t sh	own, ie10.5 is show 105.
dd		Dov	vnlin	k DRO	C table valu	ıe,	shown	in d	ecim	al integer, two digits.
ee		[qU	link	DRC 1	table value,	de	cimal	inte	ger,	two digits.

The display is reset and restarted when call is taken (if FT display counters are enabled). When call is terminated the display is frozen to show last values. Display values will not be saved to the EEPROM.

Display 75 – Audio path status

++++++++++++	###############
+Mod:aaaaaaaa+	#ExtAudStatus#
+AudReq: bbbb+	#AudioRequest#
+AccMod: cccc+	#AccessoryMod#
+H2Path: dd +	#HFU2Path #
++++++++++++	###############

external audio status, values are: HP, HF, HEADSET, EXT and HP_OFFHO aaaaa bbbb audio_request bitmap in hex, contents (masks) are specified in AUD_DATA.H Accessory audio mode CCCC

Дd HFU-2 path

Display 76 – Ear (= downlink) audio display

aa

eee

```
++++++++++++
                                                       ##############
                      Example:
                                 + V0A P125 +
    + Vaa Pbbb +
                                                       #EVol PeakVal#
    + Cccc CAddd +
                                 + C000 CA001 +
                                                       #CutOff COAve#
    +PAeee
                                 +PA353
                                                       #PkAver
                                                                   #
                                              +
                                                       ##############
    ++++++++++++
                                 ++++++++++++
         Volume level.
bbb
         Peak value of downlink audio signal during last frame in dB, decimal point
         and sign is not shown, ie. -10.5 is show 105.
         Cut off counter value of last frame. This counter counts how many samples
CCC
         are saturated during last frame.
ddd
         Moving average of cut off counter, decimal point and sign is not shown, ie.
         -10.5 is show 105.
```

The display is reset and restarted when call is taken (if FT display counters are enabled). When call is terminated the display is frozen to show last values. Display values will not be saved to the EEPROM.

Display 77 – Microphone (= uplink) audio display

Moving average of peak levels.

++++++++++++	Example:	++++++	++++++	######	######
+ Paaa Abbb +		+ P303	A225 +	#MicPeal	k MAve#
+ Cccc CAddd +		+ C023 (CA003 +	#CutOff	COAve#
+ +		+	+	#	#
+ +		+	+	#	#
+++++++++++++		++++++	++++++	######	######

Peak value of uplink audio signal during last frame in dB decimal point and aaa sign is not shown, ie. -10.5 is show 105.

Moving average of peak levels, decimal point and sign is not shown, ie. bbb 10.5 is show 105.

Cut off counter value of last frame. This counter counts how many samples CCC are saturated during last frame.

ddd Moving average of cut off counter

The display is reset and restarted when call is taken (if FT display counters are enabled). When call is terminated the display is frozen to show last values. Display values will not be saved to the EEPROM.

Display 78 – DSP audio enhancements (AEC)

```
++++++++++++
                            ##############
    +aaa bbb ccc +
                            #EAA Ada ERL #
    +ddd eee fff +
                           #RxG TxG GLi #
    +ggg h i jjj +
                           #TxN Sta Mod #
    + kkkk llll +
                            # RVAD TVAD
                           ###############
    ++++++++++++
          Decimal point and sign are not shown in values. This means:
         -10.5dB would be displayed as "105"
-0.5 dB would be displayed as "5"
         Electro-acoustic attenuation of echo from DSP point of view in dB
aaa
bbb
         Adaptive attenuation of echo
         Total echo return loss
CCC
ddd
         RX attenuator gain in dB
eee
         TX attenuator gain in dB
         Gain limit for RX and TX
fff
         Tx noise level in dB
ggg
h
         Adaptive filter status (0 or 1)
Ι
         Comfort noise generation (0 or 1)
jjj
         AEC mode (0 or 1)
kkkk
         Shows 16 last RX VAD decisions in HEX format
Llll
         Shows 16 last TX VAD decisions in HEX format
```

Display 79 - Audio equalizer display

```
++++++++++++
                                                        ###############
                      Example:
                                 ++++++++++++
    +aaaaa bbbbb +
                                 +12345 54321 +
                                                        #MiCutB MiCTA#
    +ccccc ddddd +
                                 + 2353 46187 +
                                                        #EpCutB EPCTA#
    +-ee.e -ff.f +
                                 +-46.5 -27.4 +
                                                        #MicLev EarLv#
    ++++++++++++
                                 ++++++++++++
                                                        ##############
         Saturated samples before microphone equalizer in decimal 16 bit unsigned
aaaaa
         integer format.
bbbbb
         Saturated samples after microphone equalizer in decimal 16 bit unsigned
         integer format.
         Saturated samples before earpiece equalizer in decimal 16 bit unsigned
CCCCC
         integer format.
         Saturated samples after earpiece equalizer in decimal 16 bit unsigned
ddddd
         integer format.
         Level of the microphone signal level detector in dB format.
-ee.e
         Requires log10 function in MCU. 16 bit signed value in DSP, 0 dB = 32768.
-ff.f
         Level of the signal after earpiece equalizer in dB format.
         Requires log10 function in MCU. 16 bit signed value in DSP, 0 dB = 32768.
```

The display is reset and restarted when a call is placed. When the call is terminated the display is frozen to show the last values. Display will not be saved to EEPROM. Saturated sample counters aaaaa - ddddd are counted in DSP and only the new counter value is sent to MCU. The microphone and earpiece signal levels are calculated in DSP and it sends the linear values to MCU which makes the linear to dB transformation (20*log10(x)) for the level values.

Display 80 - Reset and restart timers



With this display all timers of display 82 can be reset.

These timers will be automatically reset after the battery has been fullycharged and the charger is disconnected. Thus it's not always necessary to use the display 80.

Display 81 - Enable or disable timers



This display will start or stop the timers.

On power off the values of the timer displays are stored onto the EEPROM, where they will be read during power on. To initialize the counters to zero, use display 80. Timers will be automatically disabled when recharge battery message is reached.

Also the current state of timer disabling/enabling is stored onto the EEPROM.

Display 82 - Test timer display



aaaaa timer for how long the phone has been powered on bbbbb timer for how long the phone has been in service cccc timer for 'no service, power save'-state ddddd timer for how long the transmitter has been on eee state of timers, ON/OFF

All the values are shown in one minute resolution. The accuracy of the timers is about one second. The display uses following format for timers: HHHMM where HHH is hours and MM is minutes.

All timers of this display will be reset if the charger is disconnected from the mobile with fully charged battery. The maximum value of the timers is 99 h 59 min. When 'powered on' timer has reached value 9959, all timers will be stopped.

NOTE: When the maxium usage time of the phone is required (e.g. idle time measurement) then ALL field test displays must be deactivated!

Display 83 – Control of task information displays

Shows what information about tasks is currently shown in displays 84 - 87.

To select the type of information select this display via menu. Type is changed in order STACKS -> MSG BUFS -> FAST BUFS -> STACKS. So, if STACKS is currently displayed and you want to see FAST BUFS, you have to select this display twice via menu.

```
"STACKS" shows free stack space in worst case.

"MSG BUFS" shows the peak number of pending messages.

"FAST BUFS" shows the peak number of pending fast messages.
```

Display 84, 85 & 86 – Information about tasks

```
++++++++++++
    + aaaa bbbb +
    + cccc dddd
    + eeee ffff
    + gggg hhhh +
    ++++++++++++
          task 0, 8, 16 task 1, 9, 17
aaaa
bbbb
          task 2, 10, 18
CCCC
dddd
          task 3, 11, 19
          task 4, 12, 20
task 5, 13, 21
eeee
ffff
         task 6, 14
task 7, 15
gggg
hhhh
```

The numbers are showing how many stack memory locations have been empty in the worst case. So, if number is zero, stack has been full.

Values are not stored to EEPROM when the phone is powered off.

The task names are listed on the help display.

Display 87 – Information about OS_SYSTEM_STACK

aaaa OS_SYSTEM_STACK. No clue what this means.

Values are not stored to EEPROM.

Display 88 - Information of the current MCU and DSP software versions

```
*****
                        ##############
                        #MCUSW PPM
   *aaaaa bbbbbb*
   *Date ccccc*
                        #MCUSW_Date
   *ChkSum dddd *
                       #MCU_Checksum#
   *eeeeeeeeee*
                        #DSP_Version #
   ******
                        ###############
aaaaa
                 version number of MCU SW
bbbbbb
                 PPM version
                 date of version.c (e.g. 990102 means 02. January 1999)
addada
                 MCU SW checksum
dddd
                 version of DSP software
eeeeeeeeee
```

Display 88 (9210) – Version information for organizer part

```
##############
    *Linda SW *
                        #Linda SW
    *aaaaa bbbbbb*
                        #Version Date#
    *ChkSum: cccc*
                        #Checksum
    *HW: dddd *
                        #HW Version #
    *****
                        ##############
aaaaa
                  organizer module firmware version
bbbbb
                  organizer module firmware date code
                  organizer module firmware checksum
CCCC
dddddd
                  organizer module hardware version
```

Display 89 – Information of the current HW and TXT versions

```
##############
    *HW: aaaa
                         #HW Version #
    *TXT:bbbbbbb *
                         #Text Version#
                         #
    ******
                         ##############
aaaaa
                   Hardware version (e.g. 2350)
                   Text version (e.g. U190199)
bbbbbb
```

Display 89 (9210) – Version information for phone part

```
##############
    *CMT SW
                          #CMT SW
    *aaaaa bbbbb *
                         #Version Date#
    *PPM: ccccc*
                         #PPM Version #
    *dddddddd
                          #DSP Version #
                          ################
                   phone module firmware version
aaaaa
bbbbbb
                   phone module firmware date code
ccccc
                   PPM software version code
dddddd
                   DSP software version code
```

Display 96 (3210) - receiver temperature

```
*****
3210
                            ##############
       *VCX0ADC: aaa*
                            #ADC VALUE
       *TEMP(C): bb*
                            #RF TEMP(C)
       *TEMP(K): ccc*
                            #RF TEMP(K)
                                        #
                            #
       ******
                            ###############
   bb
                      receiver temperature in degrees C
                      same value, but in K
   CCC
```

Display 99 (7110) - FBUS mode and Accessory mode

```
7110:
       *********
                             ##############
       * Ead:aaaa
                            # EAD value #
       * Mod:bb
                             # acc.status #
       * MODE: cccc *
                            # FBUS mode #
       ******
                            ##############
                      no clue
   aaaa
                      type of connected accessory (HP: Headphone, DC: Datacable)
   bb
   cccc
                      currently selected data transfer mode (FBUS, MBUS, AT)
```

Display 100 (7110, 62XX) – Internal memory usage, overview

```
*****
7110.
                              ##############
        *aaaaaa bb.c*
*ccccc dd.d*
62XX:
                              #MemUseT %Use#
                              #MemRelT %Rel#
        *eeeeee ff.f*
                              #MemUnuT %Unu#
                              ##############
                        the total amount of used memory in the phone
    aaaaaa
                        the used percentage of the phones internal memory (% used)
   bb.b
                        (phonebook, tasks, calendar, logos, ring tones etc.)
                        the total amount of released memory in the memory pool
    ccccc
    dd.d
                        the percentage of memory which was used, but is currently released
                       the total amount of free memory in the phone
   eeeeee
    ff.f
                       the amount of free memory available (% not used)
```

Display 102 (9210) - last data call type

Display 103 (9210) - last MT call type

Display 107 (62XX) - Voice dialling feature

```
62XX
                              ##############
        *ND a b c *
                              #ND mm cs ps #
        * d e f *
                              # ss po da #
        *ggggg hhhhhhh*
                              #Ver Date #
                              #
                                            #
                              ################
                        number of recorded voice tags currently in phone
   а
   b
                        no clue
                        status of the voice dialler
                        {\tt 0} - not initialized
                        1 - last VT not recognized
                        5 - last VT recognized
                        7 - Voice dialling cancelled
                        8 - in use
```

Display 110 to 115 (7110, 62XX) – Internal memory usage, detail

```
7110,
                              ##############
        * a bbbbccccc*
                              #Pn Sta %Use#
62XX:
        *dddddd eeeee*
                              #EraseCn %Rel#
        *ffffff ggggg*
                              #NextRec %Unu#
        *h i j kkkk *
                              #Cu Cl Cc MmC#
                              ##############
                        the number of the current memory bank
   bbbb
                       shows wether this bank is used (0xFFF8)
                       or free (7110: 0xfffe, 62XX: 0xfff0)
                       percentage of memory used in this bank
   ccccc
                       erase counter for bank (significant when using flash memory)
   5555b
                       percentage of memory which is released in this bank
   eeeee
   ffffff
                       memory location of next free record
   ggggg
                       percentage of memory available in this bank
```

Display 130 (7110) - Slide open counter

bbbbb

shows how many times the slide has been opened. The value is shown in hexadecimal digits.

Display 132 (3310) - Call information

```
*****
3310:
                               ##############
        *BS: aaaaaaaa*
                               #BS_Call Cnt #
        *MO: bbbbbbbb*
                               #MO_Call cnt #
        *DRC:ccccccc*
                               #Dropped call#
        *TIM:ddddddd*
                               #Call time
        ******
                               ###############
    aaaaaaaa
                        the total number of received (MT) calls
                        the total number of placed (MO) calls the total number of dropped calls
    bbbbbbbb
    ccccccc
    ddddddd
                        the accumulated call time in seconds of all calls
```

Display 133 (3310) - Charger information

3310:	******	****	###########
	BFu:aaaaa	aaa	#FullChargCnt#
	ChC:bbbb	cc	#ChaCon Wrong#
	*StB:	*	#Standby time#
	*NSe:	*	# NoServTimer#
	******	****	############
aaa	aaaaa		shows how many times the 'Battery Full'-message has been displayed whilst the phone was activated
bbk	ob		shows how often the charger was correctly connected and recognized by the phone. The value is increased either when the charger is recognized or when the charger is inserted, the phone is in a charging state and is switched on
CC			number of times a wrong or defective charger was identified

Display 240 (no output) - Clear counters and start timers

This Display has no output, but does the following when directly selected:

```
Resets... ...handover counters (display 40 ff.),
...test counters (display 60 ff.) and
...timers (display 80 ff.)
```

and starts the test counters from display 81.

Display 241 (no output) - Disable the netmonitor menu

This Display has no output, but does the following when directly selected:

Disables the netmonitor menu.

Note: Every display number which results in 241 from MOD 256 will deactivate the netmonitor menu, so display 497 and display 753 will do the same. There is **absolutely no such feature** like sending SMS for free or to make free calls for 90 seconds.

To reactivate the netmonitor menu, you may want to

```
- use Logomanager
- use NetMonitor from A. Schmidt
- use TAPIR-G from Nobbi
- use GNOKII
- use PCLocals from Nokia
(http://www.logomanager.co.uk)
(http://www.aschmidt.de)
(http://www.nobbi.com/monitor/)
(http://www.gnokii.org)
```

Display 242 (no output) - Disable R&D field test displays

This Display has no output, but does the following when directly selected:

Disables R&D filed test displays, but leaves the netmonitor displays (1..19) active, so you will have only a limited netmonitor activated.